APPENDIX I

The Score of Students' Writing in Hortatory Exposition text

Number	Grade XI Class XI							
of		Mean Score	of Writing's (Mean				
Students	Content Organization Vocabulary La		Language	Mechanics	Score			
Students				use		Beore		
28	19,85	13,96	11,73	13,92	2.96	62,42		
Ideal Scr	30	20	20	20	5	100		



APPENDIX II

BLUE PRINT OF WRITING ASSESMENT BY JACOB

No	Components of writing	Criteria	Topics of
	skill		Hortatory
			Exposition
1.	Content	1. Knowledgeable;	Smoking
		substantive; thorough	
		development of thesis;	
		relevant to assigned topic.	
2.	Organization	2. Fluent expression; ideas	
		clearly stated/supported;	
		succinct; well organized;	
		logical seque ng;	
		cohesive	
3.	Vocabulary		
		3. Sophisticated range;	
		effective word / idiom	
		choice and usage; word	
		form mastery; appropriate	
4.	Language Use	register.	
		4. Effective complex	
		constructions; few errors	
		of agreement, tense,	
		number, word	

5.	Mechanics	order/function, articles,	
		pronouns, prepositions.	
		5. Demonstrates mastery of	
		conventions few errors of	
		spelling, punctuations,	
		capitalizations,	
		paragraphing.	

Indicator and Criteria of Scoring Writing based on Jacob

No	Components	Criteria of each item	Score
1	Content	Excelle to very good Knowledgeable; substant thorough de pment of thesis; relevant to ass. d to Good to average: Some knowledge of subject;	30-27
		adequate range; limited development of thesis; mostly relevant to topic, but lacks detail. Fair to poor: limited knowledge of subject; little substance; inadequate development of topic.	26-22
		Very poor: does not show knowledge of subject; non substantive; not pertinent; or not enough to evaluate.	21-17

			16-13
2	Organization	Excellent to very good: Fluent expression; ideas clearly stated/supported; succinct; well organized; logical sequencing; cohesive. Good to average: somewhat choppy; loosely organized but main ideas stand out; limited support;	20-18
		logical but incomplete sequencing. Fair to poor: non-fluent; ideas confused or disconnected; lacks logical sequencing and development.	17-14
		Very poor: does not communicate; no organization; or not enough to evaluate.	9-7
3	Vocabulary	Excellent to very a sophisticated range; effective word / it choice and usage; word form mastery; appropriate register. Good to average: adequate range; occasional errors of word / idiom form, choice, usage but meaning not obscured.	20-18
		Fair to poor: limited range; frequent errors of word / form choice, usage; meaning confused or obscured. Very poor: essentially translation; title knowledge of English vocabulary, idioms, word form, or not	13-10

		enough to evaluate.	
			9-7
4	Language Use	Excellent to very good: effective complex	25-22
		constructions; few errors of agreement, tense,	
		number, word order/function, articles, pronouns,	
		prepositions.	
		Good to average: effective but simple construction;	21-18
		minor problems in complex constructions; several	
		errors of agreement, tense, number, word	
		order/function, articles, pronouns, prepositions but	
		meaning seldom obscured.	
		Fair to poor: major problems in simple / complex	
		constructions; frequent errors of negation,	
		agreement, tense, number, word order/function,	15.11
			17-11
		articles ronouns, preposition and/or fragments, run-ons eletions; meaning co sed or obscured.	
		Very poor: mastery of sentence	
		constructions rules, cominated by errors; does not	
		communicate; or not enough to evaluate.	
			10-5
			10 3
5	Mechanics	Excellent to very good: demonstrates mastery of	5
		conventions few errors of spelling, punctuations,	
		capitalizations, paragraphing.	
		Good to average: occasional errors of spelling,	
		punctuation, and capitalization, paragraphing, but	4

meaning not obscured.

Fair to Poor: Frequent errors of spelling, punctuations, capitalizations, paragraphing; poor handwriting, meaning confused or obscured.

3

Very poor: no mastery of conventions dominated by errors of spelling, punctuation, capitalization, paragraphing; handwriting illegible; or not enough to evaluate.

2



APPENDIX III

The Distribution of Students' Daily Test in First Semester

No	XI IPA ₁	XI IPA ₂	XI IPA ₃	XI IPA ₄	XI IPA ₅
1	45	80	63	70	40
2	88	75	68	87.5	50
3	43	78	60	50	37.5
4	65	83	60	40	52.5
5	95	70	40	54.5	47.5
6	73	85	55	65	37.5
7	55	75	70	77.5	47.5
8	53	63	75	67.5	50
9	90	58	73	47.5	50
10	90	88	78	45	65
11	35	70	65	65	55
12	75	58	40	50	45
13	95	83	A_ 48	42.5	52.5
14	45			60	50
15	88	78	J.5	65	42.5
16	53	58	83	32.5	42.5
17	55	85	75	62.5	87.5
18	75	88	55	55	75
19	65	98	48	37.5	50
20	73	88	58	60	52.5
21	60	38	35	52.5	57.5
22	45	50	75	75	67.5
23	48	60	48	65	40
24	70	58	15	67.5	55
25	58	78	60	65	37.5
26	95	68	70	60	42.5
27	73	78	50	77.5	60

28	95	55	78	57.5	55
29	78	73		55	
30	90	60	87.5	40	
31	75	53		47.5	
32		53			
SUM	1978	2102	1685	1709.5	1445
MEAN	68.2068966	72.48275862	60.1785714	58.94827586	51.6071429



APPENDIX IV

Test of Normality

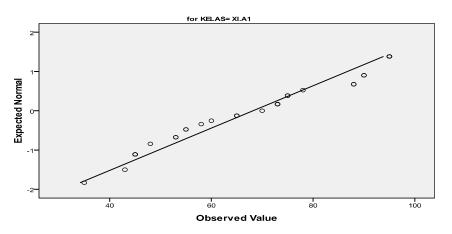
	Tests of Normality								
		Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a		ov ^a	Shapiro-Wilk				
	KELAS	Statistic	Df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.		
NILAI	XI.IPA 1	.133	29	.200*	.936	29	.077		
	XI.IPA 2	.131	32	.177	.962	32	.312		
	XI.IPA 3	.093	29	.200*	.954	29	.229		
	XI.IPA 4	.093	31	.200 [*]	.986	31	.943		
	XI.IPA 5	.170	28	.036	.893	28	.008		

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

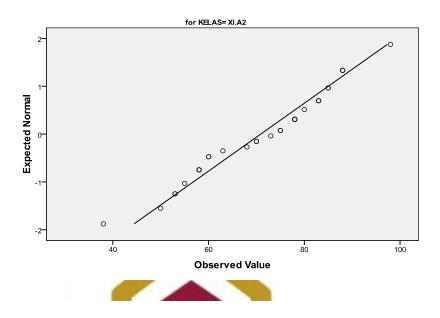
*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.



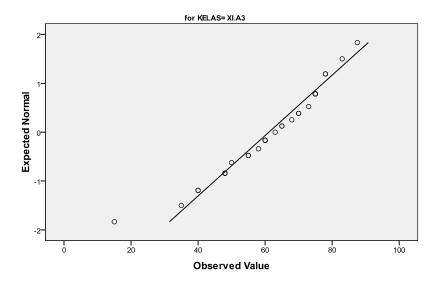
Normal Q-Q Plot of NILAI



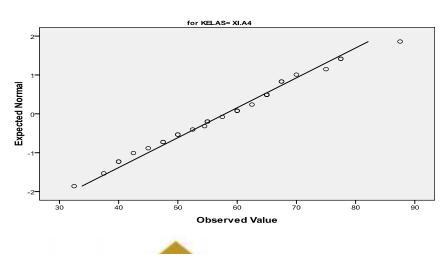
Normal Q-Q Plot of NILAI



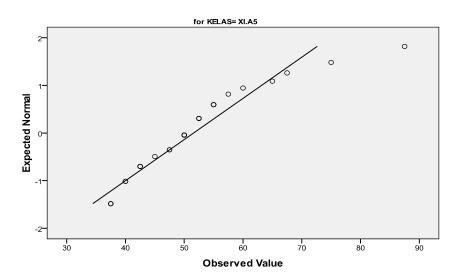
Normal Q-Q Plot of NILAI



Normal Q-Q Plot of NILAI



Normal Q-Q Plot of NILAI



Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Test of Homogeneity of Variances							
NILAI							
Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.				
3.262	4	144	.014				



APPENDIX V

Students' Post test Score of Experimental Class

(XI IPA 5)

No	COMPONENT OF WRITING Nama						Total
110	Nama	С	0	V	L U	M	Total
1	Agd	26	17	15	18	3	79
2	Aklr	23	15	13	17	2	70
3	Alds	27	18	15	19	4	83
4	Ans	25	16	16	18	3	78
5	Anp	24	15	15	18	3	75
6	asyanl	25	17	14	17	72	75
7	delfs	27	8	14	18	3	80
8	devs	26	14	13	19	3	75
9	elin	28	18	13	18	3	80
10	eltht	21	14	13	17	2	67
11	fahr	22	14	14	18	3	71
12	fetm	21	13	17	18	3	72
13	Ilha	26	17	13	17	4	77
14	jefl	24	16	15	18	3	76
15	lisg	25	15	15	18	2	75

16	Mifta	26	16	14	18	3	77
17	mfa	27	18	14	17	4	80
18	mulyca	26	17	17	18	4	82
19	nadp	27	17	15	18	4	81
20	pri	21	13	14	17	2	67
21	raan	26	13	15	18	3	75
22	rismd	26	15	13	18	3	75
23	riyu	27	14	17	20	3	81
24	san	21	14	13	17	3	68
25	slra	26	17	13	17	3	76
26	shna	27	17	14	17	13	78
27	syah	26	5	14	18	3	76
28	vka	22	15	14	17	4	72
	Total	688	437	398	497	83	2103
	Mean	24,5	15,6	14,2	17,7	2,9	74,9
	Max	28	18	17	20	4	87
	Min	21	13	13	17	2	66

APPENDIX VI
Students' Post test Score of Control Class (XI IPA 4)

No	Nama	COMPONENT OF WRITING					Total
110		C	О	V	L U	M	
1	Adii	21	17	17	17	4	76
2	Am p	27	18	18	22	4	85
3	Anta	17	13	15	10	3	60
4	Ati	16	13	14	10	4	57
5	Ada	25	17	20	17	4	83
6	Anri	20	13	17		4	71
7	Adiq	24	18	18	9	5	84
8	Apei	17	15		12	3	61
9	Dat	15	10	13	10	4	52
10	Inpri	21	10	13	10	3	57
11	Irtri	16	9	10	10	3	54
12	Jejna	16	10	14	10	3	53
13	Khaa	24	18	18	17	4	81
14	Mtni	14	9	14	10	4	55
15	Mska	14	13	13	10	3	43

16	Mra	14	9	13	10	3	49
17	Naini	17	17	13	17	4	68
18	Nnti	20	17	16	18	4	75
19	Pato	20	17	17	20	4	78
20	Rona	21	18	18	19	4	80
21	Runi	15	10	12	10	3	50
22	Rana	16	14	14	13	3	60
23	Seka	21	13	15	13	3	65
24	Sith	20	17	18	17	4	76
25	Srfia	21	17	15	10	4	67
26	Vuti	21	14	10	107	3	58
27	Yoil	16	U	☆13		3	54
28	Zida	17			10	3	61
	Total	528	396	421	379	100	1824
	Mean	18,8	14,1	15,0	13,5	3,5	64,9
	Max	27	18	20	22	5	92
	Min	14	9	10	10	3	46

APPENDIX VII

The Mean Score and Standard Deviation of Experimental Class

\mathbf{X}_1	$\mathbf{F_1}$	X_1^2	$\mathbf{F_1X_1}$	$\mathbf{F_1X_1}^2$
67	2	4489	134	8978
68	3	4624	204	13872
71	2	5041	142	10082
72	2	5184	144	10368
73	1	5329	73	5329
75	3	5625	225	16875
76	4	5776	1301	23104
77	1	5929		5929
78	3	608	234	18252
79	1	6241	79	6241
80	2	6400	160	12800
81	2	6561	162	13122
82	1	6724	82	6724
83	1	6889	83	6889
X ₁ = 1062	F ₁ = 28	X ₁ ² =80896	F ₁ X ₁ = 2103	$F_1X_1^2 = 158565$

$$(\sum F_1 X_1)^2 = (2103)^2 = 4.422.609$$

$$S_1^2 = \frac{n_1 \sum F_1 X_1^2 - (\sum F_1 X_1)^2}{n_1 (n_1 - 1)}$$

$$S_1^2 = \frac{28(158565) - (4.422.609)}{28(28 - 1)}$$

$$S_1^2 = \frac{4.439.820 - 4.422.609}{28(27)}$$

$$S_1^2 = \frac{17211}{756}$$

$$S_1^2 = 22.76$$

 $\bar{X}_1 = \frac{\sum F_1 X_1}{\sum F_1} = \frac{2103}{28} = 7510$

Appendix VIII

The Mean Score and Standard Deviation

of Control Class

X_2	\mathbf{F}_2	$\mathbf{X_2}^2$	$\mathbf{F_2X_2}$	$\mathbf{F_2X_2}^2$
50	2	2500	100	5000
52	1	2704	52	2704
53	2	2809	106	5618
54	2	2916	108	5832
55	1	3025	55	3025
57	2	3249	114	6498
58	1	3364		3364
60	2	3600 M		7200
61	2	372	122	7442
65	1	4225	65	4225
67	1	4489	67	4489
68	1	4624	68	4624
75	2	5625	150	11250
76	2	5776	152	11552
78	1	6084	78	6084

80	1	6400	80	6400
81	1	6561	81	6561
84	1	7056	84	7056
85	2	7225	170	14450
X ₂ =1259	F ₂ = 28	X ₂ ² =85953	$F_2X_2 = 1830$	$F_2X_2^2=123374$

$$M \qquad \bar{X}_{\mathbb{Z}} = \frac{\sum F_{\mathbb{Z}} X_{\mathbb{Z}}}{\sum F_{\mathbb{Z}}} = \frac{1830}{28} = 65,35$$

$$(\sum F_{\mathbb{Z}} X_{\mathbb{Z}})^{2} = (1830)^{2} = 3348900$$

$$S_{\mathbb{Z}}^{2} = \frac{n_{2} \sum F_{\mathbb{Z}} X_{\mathbb{Z}}^{2} - (\sum F_{\mathbb{Z}} X_{\mathbb{Z}})^{2}}{n_{2}(n_{2} - 1)}$$

$$S_{\mathbb{Z}}^{2} = \frac{28(123374) - (3348900)}{28(28 - 1)}$$

$$S_{\mathbb{Z}}^{2} = \frac{105572}{756}$$

$$S_{\mathbb{Z}}^{2} = 13964$$

$$S = \sqrt{13964} \quad S = 118,16$$

APPENDIX IX

Analysis of post-test score in Experiment class and Control class

$$\overline{X}_{1} = 75,10$$

$$n_{1} = 28$$

$$S_{1}^{2} = 4,77$$

$$\overline{X}_{2} = 65,35$$

$$S_{2}^{2} = \frac{(n_{1} - 1)S_{1}^{2} + (n_{2} - 1)S_{2}^{2}}{n_{1} + n_{2} - 2}$$

$$S^{2} = \frac{(28 - 1)22,76 + (28 - 1)13964}{28 + 28 - 2}$$

$$S^{2} = \frac{(27)22,76 + (27)13964}{54}$$

$$S^{2} = 8120$$

$$S = \sqrt{8120}$$

$$S = 9,01$$

$$t = \frac{\bar{x}_{1} - \bar{x}_{2}}{S\sqrt{\frac{1}{n_{1}} + \frac{1}{n_{2}}}}$$

$$t = \frac{75,10 - 66,35}{9,01\sqrt{\frac{1}{28} + \frac{1}{28}}}$$

$$t = \frac{9,75}{2,34}$$

$$t = 4,16$$

$$T_{\text{-calculate}} = 4,16$$

$$\Gamma = 0.05$$

$$Df = (n_1 + n_2 - 2)$$

$$= (28+28-2)$$

$$= 58$$

$$T_{\text{-table}} = t(1-\Gamma) df$$

$$= t(1-0.05) df$$

$$= t(0.95) 58$$

$$= 2.000$$

$$t_{\text{-}Calculate} = 4,16$$

$$t_{\text{-}Table} = 2.000$$

$$t_{\text{-}Calculate} > t_{\text{-}table}$$

$$4,16 > 2.000$$

 $t = \frac{9,75}{9.01\sqrt{0,26}}$

APPENDIX X

BLUE PRINT of Writing Test

Jenjang Pendidikan : SMAN 4 Pariaman

Mata Pelajaran : Bhasa Inggris

Kelas : XI

Bentuk Test : Writing Test

Tahun Pelajaran : 2018/2019

Kompetensi Dasar	Materi	Indicator	Rumusan Tes
Mengungkap-kan	Hortatory Text	Siswa mampu	Di akhir
makna dan		mengembangkan dan	pertemuan siswa
langkah retorika		menstru ar ide	diberikan post
dalam esei dengan		meno akan teknik	test. Post test
menggunakan		√-H	tersebut adalah
ragam bahasa tulis		Siswa mampu	writing test.
secara akurat,		menulis teks	
lancar dan		hortatory	
berterima dalam			
konteks kehidupan			
sehari-hari dalam			
teks berbentuk:			
narrative, spoof,			
dan hortatory			
exposition			

APPENDIX XI

T-Table

5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
5 6 7 8 8 9 10 11 12 13
5 6 7 8 9 10 11
5 6 7 8 9 10
5 6 7 8 8 9
5 6 7
5 6 7
5 6 7
4
3
df 1

APPENDIX XII

LESSON PLAN OF TEACHING WRITING

(EXPERIMENTAL CLASS)

Name School : SMAN 4 Pariaman

Mata Pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris

Class / Semester : XI / II

Topic : Hortatory Exposition

Time allocation : 2 X 45 menit

Skill aspect : Writin

A. Standard of Competence

12 Expressing the meaning in written short functional text and short & simple essay in the form of *narrative*, *spoof and hortatory exposition* in daily life context.

B. Basic Competence

12.2 Expressing the meaning and rhetorical steps in written short functional text formal and informal by using written language form accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context in the form of *narrative*, *spoof*, dan *hortatory exposition*.

C. Indicator

- a. Students are able to generate ideas by using W-W-H
- b. Students are able to write hortatory exposition text

D. Purpose Learning

After learning the students are expected to be able:

- a. Students are able to develop and organize the ideas by using W-W-H
- b. Students write a hortatory exposition text

E. Teaching Material

Hortatory exposition text about "The Unhealthy Fast Food".



The unhealthy fast food

Fast food nowadays is considered a normal eating venture. People are not just eating out on special occasions or weekends anymore. It means that all the time they mostly eat fast foods. However is fast food good for healthy?

Fast food has its popularity in the 1940's, within a few years, fast food operations popped up everywhere. With the compelling rise in fast-food restaurants since the 1940's, oddly it started the rise in obesity and cancer during that same time period.

Fast food is highly processed with a wide array of additives. To ensure fast food's low cost, the fast food products are made with highly-processed ingredients to give it shelf-life, to hold consistency, and to enhance flavor. Fast food is altered from

its original healthy form.

It is not the calories in fast food which damage health and waistline. It is the chemical additives such as aspartame and MSG (monosodium glutamate). Studies shows that the chemical additives lead to weight and disease issues.

Do you still want to eat fast food? Let's you think the impact of your body. Try it now to deduct on fast food

1. Language features of hortatory exposition text:

- a. Using simple present
- b. Using modals
- c. Using thinking verbs
- d. Using action verbs
- e. Using adverbs
- f. Using adjectives
- g. Using technical terms
- h. Using general are abstract noun
- i. Using connectives, esition

2. Generic structures of hortate

- a. Thesis: introduces the topics and shows speakers or writers position; outlines of the arguments are presented.
- Argument: it consists about point and elaboration. Point states the main argument and elaboration develops and supports each point of argument
- c. Re commendation: its contains a suggestion or advice to the issue and problem

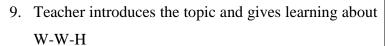
F. Learning Method

What-Why-How Strategy

G. Steps of Activity

NO	EXPE	ERIMENTAL CLASS	TIME
1.	Pre teach	ing	5 minutes
	a. G	Greeting	
	b. P	raying	
	c. C	Thecking attendance	
	d. A	sking the students about the last material	
2.	Whilst te	aching	10
	Explo	ration	minutes
	1. T	eacher gives motivation to the students related to	
	th	ne text	
	2. T	eacher asks students knowledge related to the topic	
	3. T	eacher introduces the topic of hortatory exposition	
	te	ext	
	Elaborat	tion	
	4. T	eacher asks the tudents' to observe e text such as	25
	th	ne goal, generic seture and guage feature of	Minutes
	th	ne text	
	5. T	eacher explains the element of procedure text (the	
	ge	oal, generic structure and language feature of	
	he	ortatory exposition text).	
	6. T	eacher gives the samples of hortatory exposition	
	te	ext	
	7. S	tudents observe the elements of the text then discuss	
	th	ne purpose, generic structure and language use	
	8. T	eacher and students discuss the new vocabulary and	25 minutes
	th	ne information that they can get from the text by	
	de	oing questioning and answering session	

W-W-H strategy





- The teacher gives one topic to students, for example: cars should be banned in the city
- Teacher guides students to express what's their opinion, ideas, argumentation to the issue in WHAT column. Example: What do you think about impact the cars in the city?
- The teacher asks the students to explain their reasons why they said that in WHY column. Example: Why do you think the cars have many problems in the city?
- Teacher asks students write their explanation or prediction together with evidences or proof in HOW plumn. Example: How do you know it? Pleas the your reason to kamples.
- After the stude file chart, students start to two part
- Teacher asks students to make hortatory exposition paragraph.
- The students make a paragraph based on their chart
- The students write based on generics structure and feature language that has been taught.

Confirmation

10. After the students write their paragraph, the teacher introduce to the students about the concept an benefit

15 minutes

of peer review 11. Teacher ask the students to change their text with their friend 12. Teacher asks the students to read and revise their friend text correcting the grammar and so on and the teacher guides them 13. Teacher monitors the students and asks the students to write all of their comments on a piece of paper and indicate whether they will revise based on each comment and why 14. Teacher give her comment on the students revise draft 15. Students ask to write their final draft based on comment from their peers and the feedback from the teacher Post teaching 3. 5 minutes 16. Teacher and stu 17. Teacher gives advic

H. Sources

1. Teacher's creation

2. Text book

I. Assessment

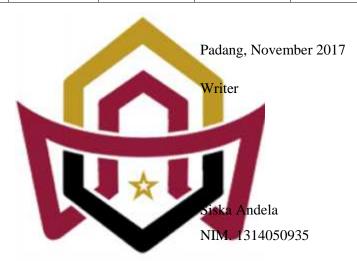
1. Evaluation Technique : Make Essay

18. Teacher closes the lesson

2. Form : Written

J. Assessment Rubric

N	Category								
0	Name	Content 30	Organization 20	Vocabularies 20	Language Use 25	Mechanic 5	total 100		
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									



LESSON PLAN OF TEACHING WRITING (CONTROL CLASS)

Name School : SMAN 4 Pariaman

Mata Pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris

Class / Semester : XI / II

Topic : Hortatory Exposition

Time allocation : 2 X 45 menit

Skill aspect : Writing

A. Standard of Competence

Expressing the maning in written shall functional text and short & simple essay in the coop of narrative poof and hortatory exposition in daily life context.

B. Basic Competence

12.2 Expressing the meaning and rhetorical steps in written short functional text formal and informal by using written language form accurately, fluently and acceptable in daily life context in the form of *narrative*, *spoof*, dan *hortatory exposition*.

C. Indicator

- c. Students are able to generate ideas by using W-W-H
- d. Students are able to write hortatory exposition text

D. Purpose Learning

After learning the students are expected to be able:

- c. Students are able to develop and organize the ideas by using W-W-H
- d. Students write a hortatory exposition text

E. Teaching Material

Hortatory exposition text about "The Unhealthy Fast Food".

The unhealthy fast food



Fast food nowadays is considered a normal eating venture. People are not just eating out on special occasions or weekends anymore. It means that all the time they mostly eat fast foods. However is fast food good for healthy?

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Fast food is highly processed with a wide array of additives. To ensure fast food's low cost, the fast food products are made with highly-processed ingredients to give it shelf-life, to hold consistency, and to enhance flavor. Fast food is altered from its original healthy form.

It is not the calories in fast food which damage health and waistline. It is the chemical additives such as aspartame and MSG (monosodium glutamate). Studies show that the chemical additives lead to weight and disease issues.

Do you still want to eat fast food? Let's you think the impact of your body. Try it now to deduct on fast food

3. Language features of hortatory exposition text:

- a. Using simple present
- b. Using modals
- c. Using thinking verbs
- d. Using action verbs
- e. Using adverbs
- f. Using adjectives
- g. Using technical terms
- h. Using general and abstract noun
- i. Using connectives/ transition

4. Generic structures of hortatory exposition text

- a. Thesis: introduces the topics and shows speakers or writers position; outlines of the arguments are presented.
- b. Argument: it consists about point and elaboration. Point states the main argument and elaboration develops and supports each point of argument
- c. Re commendation: its stains aggestion or advice to the issue and problem

F. Learning Method

Brainstorming technique

G. Steps of Activity

No	CONTROL CLASS	TIME
1.	Pre teaching	5 minutes
	a. Greeting	
	b. Praying	
	c. Checking attendance	

	d. Asking the students about the last material	
2.	Whilst teaching	20 minutes
	Exploration	
	19. Teacher gives motivation Teacher gives motivation to	
	the students related to the text	
	20. Students focus on definition, generic structure,	
	language feature and grammar of Hortatory	
	Exposition text	
	Elaboration	
	a. The teacher gives a model of Hortatory	45 minutes
	Exposition text.	45 minutes
	b. The teacher gives one topic and guide the	
	students in generating ideas.	
	c. Teacher asks students make a text based on sample	
	d. Students make byword before writing text	
	e. Teacher asks for tudents to develo	
	Confirmation	
	a. Students report their work about hortatory exposition	
	text to teacher	
	b. Teacher emphasizes how to write a Hortatory	
	exposition text	15 minutes
3.	Post teaching	5 minutes
	a. The teacher and students conclude the lesson	
	b. Teacher gives advice to the students	
	c. The teacher closes the lesson class	

H. Sources

1. Teacher's creation

2. Text book

I. Assessment

1. Evaluation Technique: Make Essay

2. Form : Written

3. Assessment Rubric

	Category							
N	NT	Conten	Organizatio	Vocabular	T	Mechani	e	
О	Nam	t	n	у	Languag	c	total	
	e	30	20	20	e Use 25	5	100	
1								
2								
3		1						
4								
5				X				

Padang, November 2017

Writer

Siska Andela

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APPENDIX XIII DOCUMENTATIONS













